

Regimen Reference Order – BRST – pembrolizumab + PACLitaxel

ARIA: BRST - [pembro + PACL (q 21 days)]

Planned Course: Every 21 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity, up to a maximum of 2 years of therapy

Indication for Use: Breast Cancer; Triple Negative; Metastatic

Drug Alert: Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor (pembrolizumab)

CVAD: At Provider's Discretion

Proceed with treatment if:

- ANC equal to or greater than $1.5 \times 10^9/L$ AND Platelets equal to or greater than $100 \times 10^9/L$
 - AST/ALT equal to or less than 3 times the upper limit of normal
 - Total bilirubin equal to or less than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal
 - Creatinine clearance is equal to or greater than 30 mL/minute
- ❖ Contact Physician if parameters not met

SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

Pre-treatment Requirements

| Drug | Dose | CCMB Administration Guideline |
|----------------|------|-------------------------------|
| Not Applicable | | |

Treatment Regimen – BRST – pembrolizumab + PACLitaxel

Establish primary solution 500 mL of: normal saline

| Drug | Dose | CCMB Administration Guideline |
|---------------|---------|---|
| pembrolizumab | 2 mg/kg | IV in normal saline 50 mL over 30 minutes <i>Use 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter</i> |
| cetirizine | 20 mg | Orally 1 hour prior to PACLitaxel |
| dexamethasone | 20 mg | IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes 1 hour prior to PACLitaxel <i>*Nursing Alert: PACLitaxel starts 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion</i> |

Wait 1 hour after completion of IV pre-medication(s) before starting PACLitaxel

| | | |
|------------|-----------------------|---|
| PACLitaxel | 175 mg/m ² | IV in normal saline 500 mL over 3 hours, following the administration rates below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Administer at 100 mL/hour for 15 minutes, then • Administer remaining volume over 2 hours and 45 minutes <i>Use non-DEHP bags and non-DEHP administration sets with 0.2 or 0.22 micron filter</i> <i>*Nursing Alert: Gently invert bag 8 to 10 times immediately prior to administration of PACLitaxel to evenly distribute the drug</i> |
|------------|-----------------------|---|

Maximum pembrolizumab dose is 200 mg

All doses will be automatically rounded that fall within CCMB Approved Dose Bands. See Dose Banding document for more information

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'

REQUIRED MONITORING

All Cycles

- CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin, glucose and TSH as per Physician Orders
- Medical Oncologist or designate (i.e. family practitioner in oncology) must assess patient for immune-mediated adverse reactions prior to each dose of pembrolizumab
- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure and O₂ saturation) at baseline and as clinically indicated
- No observation period is required after pembrolizumab or PACLitaxel administration. Patient can be discharged from treatment room if stable whether they had a reaction or not

Recommended Support Medications

| Drug | Dose | CCMB Administration Guideline |
|----------------|------------|--|
| metoclopramide | 10 – 20 mg | Orally every 4 hours as needed for nausea and vomiting |

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

- Patients should be instructed to contact their cancer team immediately if symptoms of hypersensitivity reactions occur after discharge
- Confirm that patient has received the CCMB Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Medical Alert wallet card
- Reinforce to patient the immune-mediated adverse reactions and importance of reporting immediately
 - For severe symptoms, the patient should be instructed to go to the nearest emergency room. Oncologist on call should be contacted
- Instruct patient to continue taking anti-emetic(s) at home
- Reinforce applicable safe handling precautions of medications, blood and body fluids for 48 hours after completion of chemotherapy

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- pembrolizumab is an Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor. Consult with medical oncologist for immune-mediated adverse reactions; corticosteroids are often indicated
- PACLitaxel may cause progressive, irreversible neuropathy